

2-4 Subtracting Real Numbers

Objective: To subtract real numbers and to simplify expressions involving differences.

Definition of Subtraction

To subtract a real number b , add the opposite of b .

$$a - b = a + (-b)$$

For example, $3 - 9 = 3 + (-9) = -6$.

Example 1 Simplify: a. $2 - 7$ b. $-6 - 3$ c. $-2 - (-8)$

Solution

a. $2 - 7 = 2 + (-7) = -5$
 b. $-6 - 3 = -6 + (-3) = -9$
 c. $-2 - (-8) = -2 + 8 = 6$

CAUTION 1 Subtraction is *not* commutative.

$$\begin{aligned} 7 - 3 &= 4, \\ \text{but } 3 - 7 &= -4, \\ \text{so } 7 - 3 &\neq 3 - 7 \end{aligned}$$

CAUTION 2 Subtraction is *not* associative.

$$\begin{aligned} (7 - 3) - 2 &= 4 - 2 = 2, \\ \text{but } 7 - (3 - 2) &= 7 - 1 = 6, \\ \text{so } (7 - 3) - 2 &\neq 7 - (3 - 2) \end{aligned}$$

Simplify.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. $25 - 9$ | 2. $17 - 11$ | 3. $9 - 13$ |
| 4. $6 - 16$ | 5. $0 - 5$ | 6. $0 - (-3)$ |
| 7. $-12 - 0$ | 8. $-8 - 1$ | 9. $3 - (-3)$ |
| 10. $7 - (-5)$ | 11. $-8 - (-3)$ | 12. $36 - 216$ |
| 13. $143 - 270$ | 14. $36 - (-34)$ | 15. $-25 - (-24)$ |
| 16. $-15 - (-3)$ | 17. $-3 - (-15)$ | |
| 18. $-17 - (-8)$ | 19. $-2.3 - 3.5$ | |
| 20. $-4.2 - 5.6$ | 21. $2.65 - (-2.35)$ | |
| 22. -15 decreased by 5 | 23. -8 decreased by -14 | |
| 24. 18 less than -2 | 25. 10 less than -6 | |
| 26. $56 - (45 - 32)$ | 27. $125 - (160 - 35)$ | |
| 28. $214 - (54 - 66)$ | 29. $167 - (20 - 45)$ | |
| 30. $(25 - 32) - (44 - 55)$ | 31. $(46 - 50) - (65 - 40)$ | |
| 32. $(2 - 7) - (-12 + 15)$ | 33. $(32 - 24) - (-6 + 9)$ | |

2-4 Subtracting Real Numbers (continued)**Example 2** Simplify $13 - 9 - 8 + 5$.

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 13 - 9 - 8 + 5 &= 13 - 9 - 8 + 5 \\
 &= \underbrace{13 + (-9)}_4 + (-8) + 5 \\
 &= \underbrace{4 + (-8)}_{-4} + 5 \\
 &= \underbrace{-4 + 5}_1 \\
 &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

Simplify.

34. $3 - 4 + 7 - 15 + 21$

35. $14 - 12 + 11 + 3 - 20$

36. $-5 - 18 + 6 - 7 + 10$

37. $-9 - 21 + 3 - 8 + 30$

Example 3 Simplify: a. $-(x - 5)$ b. $-(3 - y)$ c. $-(-2 + a)$ **Solution** To find the opposite of a sum or a difference, you change the sign of each term of the sum or difference.

a. $-(x - 5) = -x + 5$ b. $-(3 - y) = -3 + y$

c. $-(-2 + a) = 2 - a$

Simplify.

38. $-(x + 2)$

39. $-(4 - y)$

40. $-(-7 + a)$

41. $-(x - 3)$

42. $-(y - 5)$

43. $-(8 - x)$

44. $-(b - 6)$

45. $-(2 + n)$

Example 4 Simplify $8 - (x + 3)$.

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 8 - (x + 3) &= 8 - x - 3 \\
 &= (8 - 3) - x \\
 &= 5 - x
 \end{aligned}$$

Change the sign of each term of $x + 3$.
Regroup the terms.
Simplify.**Simplify.**

46. $6 - (y + 4)$

47. $4 - (q - 6)$

48. $x - (x + 2)$

49. $n - (-3 + n)$

Mixed Review Exercises

1. $|-6| + |2|$

2. $17 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$

3. $2 + 6x + 5y + 8$

4. $\left|-\frac{3}{4}\right| - \left|-\frac{1}{4}\right|$

5. $-\frac{3}{2} + \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$

6. $1\frac{1}{4} + \left(-3\frac{3}{4}\right)$

7. $[5 + (-9)] + 7$

8. $3.4 - 0.5 + (-1.4)$

9. $-4 + [-6 + (-2)]$

10. $-2.4 + 8.3 + (-3.6)$

11. $-27 + (-28) + 18 + 47$

12. $2 + (-3) + (-10) + (-x)$